PHILIP J. TRENCHAK, ESQ. 1 Nevada State Bar No. 009924 MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW 2 1614 S. Maryland Blvd. 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89104 P: (702) 476-5101 4 F: (702) 476-5158 E: phil@mullinstrenchak.com 5 Attorney for Plaintiffs 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 8 9 CASE NO.: SHANNON STAHL, an individual, SEAN PAGE, an individual, 10 Plaintiff, 11 COMPLAINT 12 (Jury Demanded) VS. 13 1.) Discrimination Based on Race, Color, National Origin, Gender or Age in violation of State and 14 **Federal Statutes** THE PRIMADONNA COMPANY, LLC, dba 2.) Discrimination based on Gender/Sexual 15 Harassment in violation of Federal Statutes PRIMM VALLEY RESORT AND CASINO. 3.) Retaliation under Federal Law, 42 U.S.C. § 16 2000e-3 and Nevada State Law, NRS 613.340 Defendants. 4.) Violation of The Federal Fair Housing Act, 42 17 U.S.C. 3601 et. seq. & Violation of Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) chapter 118 - Discrimination in 18 Housing; Landlord and Tenant 19 20 **COMPLAINT** 21 Plaintiff, SHANNON STAHL and SEAN PAGE (hereinafter "Plaintiffs") by and through 22 their attorney PHILIP J. TRENCHAK, Esq., of MULLINS AND TRENCHAK ATTORNEYS AT 23 24 LAW, hereby brings suit against THE PRIMADONNA COMPANY, LLC, dba PRIMM VALLEY 25 RESORT AND CASINO, (hereinafter "Defendant," "Primm Valley," and/or "Primm"), and avers and 26 alleges as follows: 27 28

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JURISDICTION

- This is an action for damages arising under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 ("Title VII"),
 U.S.C. §2000e to 2000e-17 (retaliation), workplace harassment, Retaliation under Federal and State
 Laws and Violation of state and Federal Fair Housing Laws.
- 2. This Court has primary jurisdiction over claims set forth herein pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question), 28 U.S.C. §1343(a)(4) (civil rights action) and 42 U.S.C. §2000e-5(f)(3) (unlawful discrimination and retaliation in employment). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over any state law claims pled herein pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.
- 3. All material allegations relative to the named Defendant contained in this Complaint are believed to have occurred in the State of Nevada, Clark County. Therefore, venue properly lies in the southern division of the United States Court for the District of Nevada pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2).

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDY

- 4. Plaintiffs initiated the process of filing a Charge of Discrimination against their former employer, the Defendant named in this action, with the United States Equal Opportunity Commission ("EEOC") wherein Plaintiffs alleged discrimination and retaliation as a continuing action. This was done within 300 days of the incident giving rise to this complaint.
- 5. Thereafter, Plaintiffs' attorney received Parties' Notice of Right to Sue from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. <u>Please see attached Exhibit A & B.</u>
- 6. This action is being filed within 90 days of the EEOC "Right to Sue" Letters being received by Plaintiff. Therefore this action is timely.
- 7. Plaintiffs have exhausted their administrative remedy on all claims pled hereunder prior to filing this action with this Court.

PARTIES

- 8. Plaintiffs are, and were, at all times material to this action, individuals, residing in the State of Nevada, employed by Defendant.
- 9. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is a Native American female who was employed as a cocktail waitress by Defendant.
 - 10. Plaintiff, Sean Page, is a Caucasian male over the age of forty (40) employed as a bartender by

Defendant.

11. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege, that Defendant THE PRIMADONNA COMPANY, LLC, dba PRIMM VALLEY RESORT AND CASINO is and was at all times material to this action, a Domestic Limited-Liability Company, duly authorized to transact, and in fact transacting business in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 12. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, was living in the employee housing facility, Ms. Stahl lived with her two
- (2) daughters in Defendant's employee housing facility (employee apartments), and plaintiff, Mr. Sean Page, lived in his own unit in the employee apartments.
 - 13. It was well-known that Plaintiffs were involved in a romantic relationship.
- 14. On September 4, 2019, a man was shot six (6) times in the employee apartments at the Primm Resort.
 - 15. At that time, Plaintiffs were living in the employee apartments.
 - 16. Bullets went through the walls of Shannon Stahl's apartment.
- 17. Shannon Stahl's daughters endured approximately one full year of being referred to as "Indian Bitch," "Stupid Indian Bitch," and "Dirty Indian Bitch."
 - 18. Shannon Stahl's daughters were also physically threatened.
 - 19. Shannon Stahl's daughters had bottles of water thrown at them.
- 20. Shannon Stahl had made numerous complaints to the Primm Security and the school regarding the malicious treatment and bullying that her daughters were forced to endure.
- 21. This treatment would begin on the bus ride to school in the morning, would continue at school, and then persisted all the way home on the school bus.
 - 22. The girls that treated Ms. Stahl's daughters in this fashion were African-American.
- 23. These conflicts between Ms. Stahl's children and the African-American children in the employee apartments was ongoing.

- 24. On or about October 12, 2019, Sean Page was taken away from his position he has held for over twenty (20) years, for questioning about a resolved criminal charge that his employer was well aware of, after security allegedly ran background checks on certain individuals that lived in employee housing.
- 25. Mr. Page's employer was well aware of the criminal conviction, and had made a written statement to Gaming, informing Gaming that they were aware of the criminal conviction, and wished to continue to employ Mr. Page.
- 26. This Representation made by Defendant, allowed Mr. Page to keep his Sheriff's Card, and continue to work for Defendant as a bartender.
- 27. On or about October 14, 2019, one of Ms. Stahl's daughters had a physical altercation on the school bus with one of the African-American young ladies.
- 28. This female African-American young lady's mother was not employed at Primm, and was staying with individuals that were employed at Defendant's business.
- 29. On or about October 16, 2019, Plaintiffs, and Shannon Stahl's daughter inclusive, were given a five (5) day notice to vacate employee housing.
- 30. On or about October 18, 2019 Plaintiff, Sean Page, was suspended from work pending investigation allegedly based upon the criminal conviction that Defendant was well aware of.
 - 31. On or about October 21, 2019, Plaintiffs moved out of the employee apartments.
- 32. On or about November 5, 2019, Sean Page had had no communication from the Beverage Department, and/or Human Resources.
- 33. On or about November 5, 2019, Sean Page went to Human Resources in person, and was handed a check and told that he was terminated.
- 34. Mr. Page was not given an explanation or documentation regarding his termination after over twenty (20) years of employment with Defendant.
 - 35. Shannon Stahl was still employed but was forced to endure the hardship imposed, because she

struggled to meet the extra board shift requirements, because she was living thirty-five (35) miles away and was without a car or a driver's license.

- 36. Ms. Stahl was terminated on or about May 22, 2020.
- 37. That as a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiffs have suffered economic damages.
- 38. Plaintiff suffered additional damages set forth in this complaint.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Discrimination National Origin, Race, and gender in violation of State and Federal Statutes)

- 39. Plaintiffs incorporate all of the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 40. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is a member of the class of persons protected by state and federal statutes prohibiting discrimination based on race, national origin, and gender, or a combination thereof.
 - 41. Ms. Stahl is a female and she is of Native American ancestry.
- 42. Plaintiff, Sean Page, is a member of the class of persons protected by state and federal statutes prohibiting discrimination based on race, national origin, and gender, or a combination thereof.
 - 43. Mr. Sean Page is a Caucasian male over the age of forty (40).
- 44. Mr. Sean Page was discriminated upon due to his association with Shannon Stahl and her Native American children.
- 45. Mr. Sean Page was terminated without reason, after Ms. Stahl's daughter was in a physical altercation, with an African-American young lady.
- 46. Ms. Shannon Stahl was terminated on or about May 22, 2020, and remains terminated, as of the date of this complaint.
- 47. Defendant, as an employer, is subject to Nevada and federal statutes prohibiting discrimination, NRS 613.330 et. seq. and Title VII, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et. seq. as amended and thus, has a legal obligation to provide Plaintiff and all employees, a workplace free of unlawful discrimination.

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- 48. Defendant refused to take reasonably adequate steps to prevent discrimination against Plaintiffs to disparate terms of employment.
- 49. Defendant discriminated against Plaintiffs when it retained as employees, individuals who subjected Plaintiffs to discrimination in the workplace.
- 50. No other similarly situated persons, not of Plaintiffs' protected class were subject to the same or substantially similar conduct.
- 51. Plaintiffs suffered adverse economic impact including but not limited to loss of pay, benefits, expenses and other damages which will be more fully described at the time of trial.
- 52. Plaintiffs were embarrassed, humiliated, angered and discouraged by the discriminatory actions taken against them.
- 53. Plaintiffs suffered and continues to suffer compensable emotional and physical harm, including but not limited to, headaches, sleeplessness, anxiety and depression resulting from this unlawful discrimination by her employer.
- 54. Plaintiffs are entitled to be fully compensated for her emotional disturbance by being forced to endure this discrimination.
- 55. Pursuant to 1991 Amendments to title VII, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive damages for Defendant's malicious, intentional repeated violations of federal and state civil rights laws. Discrimination based on race has been illegal since 1964 and an employer of the size, reputation and experience of Defendant should have not engaged in this blatant discrimination.
 - 56. Plaintiffs suffered damages in an amount deemed sufficient by the jury.
 - 57. Plaintiffs are entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees.
- 58. Defendant is guilty of oppression, fraud or malice, express or implied as Defendant knowingly and intentionally discriminated against Plaintiff because of her gender.
 - 59. Therefore, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover damages for the sake of example, to deter other

employers from engaging in such conduct and by way of punishing the Defendant in an amount deemed sufficient by the jury.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Discrimination based on Gender/Sexual Harassment in violation of Federal Statutes) On behalf of Plaintiff-Shannon Stahl only

- 60. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, incorporates all of the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 61. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is a female, and therefore, is a member of the class of persons protected by federal statutes prohibiting discrimination based on gender.
- 62. Defendant, as an employer, is subject to federal statutes prohibiting discrimination, Title VII, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et. seq. as amended and thus, has a legal obligation to provide Plaintiff and all employees a workplace free of unlawful discrimination.
- 63. Defendant refused to take reasonably adequate steps to prevent discrimination against Plaintiff to disparate terms of employment based upon gender.
- 64. Plaintiff was continually subjected to sexual harassment and complained of that harassment to management.
 - 65. Defendant did not remedy the harassment.
 - 66. Defendant was made aware of the sexual harassment described herein.
 - 67. Defendant allowed sexual harassment to continue.
- 68. Defendant appeared to simply inform the offending managers that a complaint was made without any corrective action.
- 69. This lack of corrective action and plotting against Plaintiff will inevitably be revealed in Discovery.
- 70. Defendant allowed the individuals committing the sexual harassment to show open hostility after the harassment was complained about to members of management.

- 71. Defendant discriminated against Ms. Stahl when Defendant retained as employees, managers who continued to subject Plaintiff to discrimination in the workplace throughout the entirety of her term of employment with Defendant.
- 72. No other similarly situated persons, not of Ms. Stahl's protected class, were subject to the same or substantially similar treatment.
- 73. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, suffered adverse economic impact including but not limited to loss of pay, benefits, expenses and other damages which will be more fully described at the time of trial.
- 74. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, was embarrassed, humiliated, angered and discouraged by the discriminatory actions taken against her.
- 75. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, suffered and continues to suffer compensable emotional and physical harm, including but not limited to, headaches, sleeplessness, anxiety, depression, and a complication of her known medical condition resulting from this unlawful discrimination by her employer.
- 76. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is entitled to be fully compensated for her emotional disturbance by being forced to endure this discrimination.
- 77. Pursuant to 1991 Amendments to title VII, Plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive damages for Defendant's malicious, intentional repeated violations of federal and state civil rights laws. Discrimination based on gender has been illegal since 1964 and an employer of the size, reputation and experience of Defendant should have not engaged in this blatant discrimination.
 - 78. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, suffered damages in an amount to be deemed sufficient by the jury.
 - 79. Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees.
- 80. Defendant is guilty of oppression, fraud or malice, express or implied as Defendant knowingly and intentionally discriminated against Plaintiff because of her gender.
- 81. Therefore, Plaintiff, Shannon Stahl, is entitled to recover damages for the sake of example, to deter other employers from engaging in such conduct and by way of punishing the Defendant in an

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amount deemed sufficient by the jury.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Retaliation under Federal Law, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-3 and Nevada State Law, NRS 613.340) 82. Plaintiffs incorporate all of the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth

herein.

- 83. In violation of 42 U.S.C § 2000e-3, Defendant retaliated against Plaintiffs after Plaintiffs complained of acts which they reasonably believed were discriminatory.
- 84. In violation of NRS 613.340 Defendant retaliated against Plaintiffs after they complained of acts which they reasonably believed were discriminatory.
- 85. The behavior complained of also constitutes retaliatory harassment and the creation of an illegally hostile environment.
- 86. There may be more detrimental acts of which Plaintiffs are unaware which may also constitute retaliation in that it harmed Plaintiff in her workplace.
- 87. The aforementioned actions and conduct by Defendant, constitute illegal retaliation which is prohibited by federal and state statutes.
- 88. Plaintiffs have been seriously harmed, economically and emotionally by this unlawful retaliation and she is entitled to be fully compensated therefor.
- 89. Plaintiffs, have had to engage in the services of attorneys for representation in this matter and is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of The Federal Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. 3601 et. seq. and Violation of Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) Chapter 118 - Discrimination In Housing; Landlord And Tenant)
90. Plaintiffs incorporates all of the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth

herein.

91. Plaintiff Shannon Stahl, is a member of the class of persons protected by state and federal statutes

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prohibiting discrimination based on race, national origin, and gender, or a combination in the housing of said protected class of individual.

- 92. Ms. Stahl is a female and she is Native American as well.
- 93. Plaintiff Sean Page, is a member of the class of persons protected by state and federal statutes prohibiting discrimination based on race, and gender, or a combination in the housing of said individual.
 - 94. Mr. Sean Page is a Caucasian male over the age of forty (40).
- 95. Mr. Sean Page was discriminated upon due to his association with Shannon Stahl, being the romantic partner of Ms. Stahl, and living with Ms. Stahl and her Native American children.
- 96. That Plaintiffs were evicted as a consequence of the protected group status that Ms. Stahl and her children are members of.
- 97. That African-American individuals were allowed to remain in the employee housing without consequence after Ms. Stahl's daughters, and each of them were bullied and referred to as "Indian Bitch," "Stupid Indian Bitch," and "Dirty Indian Bitch" for over a year.
- 98. That an African-American female child and her family were allowed to remain in the employee housing without consequence after Ms. Stahl's daughter had a physical altercation with said child.
- 99. That said unwarranted eviction was unlawful and was based upon the race, national origin, and gender of Ms. Stahl and her daughters.
- 100. Plaintiff have been seriously harmed, economically and emotionally by this unlawful retaliation and she is entitled to be fully compensated therefor.
- 101. Plaintiffs had to engage in the services of attorneys for representation in this matter and is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief against Defendants, each of them, as follows:

ON ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 1. For compensatory damages in the principal amount in excess of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000.00) to be proven at trial;
- 2. For punitive damages in the principal amount in excess of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000.00) to be proven at trial;
- 3. For special damages in the principal amount in excess of seventy-five thousand dollars, (\$75,000.00) to be proven at trial;
 - 4. For attorney's fees and costs incurred;
 - 5. For all damages in an amount to be proved at trial;
 - 6. For costs of suit herein incurred;
 - 7. For reasonable interest on amounts due; and
 - 8. For any such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

DATED this 21st day of October, 2020.

MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

/s/Philip J. Trenchak

Philip J. Trenchak, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9924 1614 South Maryland Pkwy Las Vegas, NV 89104

PLAINTIFF'S JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs, by and through her attorneys of record, PHILIP J. TRENCHAK, ESQ. of the law firm MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, respectfully submits this Demand for Jury pursuant FRCP 38 in the above captioned matter.

DATED this 21st day of October 2020.

MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

/s/ Phil Trenchak

PHILIP J. TRENCHAK, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 009924 1614 S. Maryland Parkway Las Vegas, Nevada 89104

P: (702) 778-9444 F: (702) 778-9449

E: phil@mullinstrenchak.com Attorney for Plaintiffs

Exhibit A Right to Sue Notice Shannon Stahl

EEOC Form 151-B (11/16)

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

	3.2	CONE EMI COTHICITI OFF	OKIONIII C	, UMMISSION					
NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)									
To: Shannon Stahl PO Box 20167 Jean, NV 89019			From:						
	On behalf of person(s) aggriev CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §16	ed whose identity is 01.7(a))							
Kathryn G		EEOC Representative		Telephone No.					
		Kathryn Gibson, Investigator		(702) 388-5013					
Title VII of Act (GINA) been issued of your rec	t at your request. Your lawsuit eipt of this notice; or your rig ay be different.)	under Title VIII the ADA ON	s Act (ADA), ADA or GINA A must be file /ill be lost. (Th	the additional infolmation enclosed with this form.) or the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination based on the above-numbered charge. It has ad in a federal or state court <u>WITHIN 90 DAYS</u> he time limit for filing suit based on a claim under					
X	Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.								
X	The EEOC is terminating its processing of this charge.								
	The EEOC will continue to process this charge.								
Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any time from 60 days after the charge was file 90 days after you receive notice that we have completed action on the charge. In this regard, the paragraph marked below applied your case:									
	The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA must be filed in federal or state court <u>WITHI</u> 90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost								
	The EEOC is continuing its he you may file suit in federal or	randling of your ADEA case. Ho state court under the ADEA at t	wever, if 60 da this time.	ays have passed since the filing of the charge,					
		e right to sue under the EPA (filir rs for willful violations) of the alle <u>! years (3 years)</u> before you fil		narge is not required.) EPA suits must be brought erpayment. This means that backpay due for ot be collectible.					

If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.

On behalf of the Commission

Enclosures(s)

Tamara M. West **Local Office Director** Digitally signed by Tamara M. West DN: cn=Tamara M. West, o=EEOC, ou=Director-LVLO, email=tamara.west@eeoc.gov, c=US Date: 2020.48 1 2 04 9 1655 - 07'00'

CC:

Marc Rubinstein **Exec VP and General Counsel Affinity Gaming** 3755 Break Through Way Las Vegas, NV 89135

Philip J. Trenchak, Esq. MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW 1614 S. Maryland Pkwy Las Vegas, NV 89104

Enclosure with EEOC Form 161-B (11/16)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law.</u>
If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS

-- Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge within 90 days of the date you receive this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was mailed to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filling this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Courts often require that a copy of your charge must be attached to the complaint you file in court. If so, you should remove your birth date from the charge. Some courts will not accept your complaint where the charge includes a date of birth. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 — not 12/1/10 — in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION -- Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do <u>not</u> relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, please make your review request within 6 months of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)

IF YOU FILE SUIT, PLEASE SEND A COPY OF YOUR COURT COMPLAINT TO THIS OFFICE.

Exhibit B

Right to Sue Notice Sean Page EEOC Form 161-B (11/16)

Washoe Valley, NV 89701

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)

				-					
Attr 161	n Page MULLINS & TRENCHAK, ATTORI n: Philip Trenchak 4 S. Maryland Pkwy. Vegas, NV 89104	NEYS AT LAW	From:	Las Vegas Local Offic 333 Las Vegas Blvd S Suite 5560 Las Vegas, NV 89101					
	On behalf of person(s) aggrieved w CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §1601.7(-							
EEOC Cha	ırge No.	EEOC Representative			Telephone No.				
487-202	0-00527	Ruth I. Ibarra, Investigator			(702) 388-5085				
		douguto,	(See also	the additional information	n enclosed with this form.)				
Notice to	THE PERSON AGGRIEVED:				,				
Act (GINA been issue of your re	f the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the): This is your Notice of Right to Sund at your request. Your lawsuit und ceipt of this notice; or your right to hay be different.)	e, issued under Title VII, the AI der Title VII, the ADA or GINA r	DA or GINA nust be fil	Abased on the above-nu ed in a federal or state	mbered charge. It has court <u>WITHIN 90 DAYS</u>				
	More than 180 days have passe	ed since the filing of this charge).						
X	Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.								
X	The EEOC is terminating its pro	cessing of this charge.							
	The EEOC will continue to proc	ess this charge.							
Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any time from 60 days after the charge was filed until 80 days after you receive notice that we have completed action on the charge. In this regard, the paragraph marked below applies to your case: The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA must be filed in federal or state court WITHIN									
	90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost. The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time.								
n federal o	Act (EPA): You already have the ring state court within 2 years (3 years ons that occurred more than 2 years)	for willful violations) of the allege	ed EPA und	lerpayment. This means					
f you file s	uit, based on this charge, please ser	nd a copy of your court complain	t to this offi	ce.					
	On behalf of the Commission								
		Tamara	DN: cn= ou=Dire	signed by Tamara M. West Tamara M. West, o=EEOC, ctor-LVLO,					
Enclosure	s(s)	M. Wastm Local Office	. West,	amara west@eeor gov.c=US 20.07.22 08:11:00 -07'00'	(Date Mailed)				
CC:	Debbie Fetzner Human Resources Director PRIMM VALLEY RESORT AND C	CASINO							

Enclosure with EEOC Form 161-B (11/16)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law.</u>

If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge within 90 days of the date you receive this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was mailed to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filing this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Courts often require that a copy of your charge must be attached to the complaint you file in court. If so, you should remove your birth date from the charge. Some courts will not accept your complaint where the charge includes a date of birth. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 – not 12/1/10 – in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION -- Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do not relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, please make your review request within 6 months of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)

IF YOU FILE SUIT, PLEASE SEND A COPY OF YOUR COURT COMPLAINT TO THIS OFFICE.

Date:

United States District Court for the District of Nevada Shannon Stahl and Sean Page *Plaintiff(s)* Civil Action No. THE PRIMADONNA COMPNAY, LLC, dba PRIMM VALLEY RESORT AND CASINO Defendant(s) SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION $To: \textit{(Defendant's name and address)} \ \ \text{THE PRIMADONNA COMPANY, LLC dba PRIMM VALLEY RESORT AND CASINO 701 S CARSON ST. STE 200}$ CARSON CITY, NV 89701, USA A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Philip J. Trenchak, Esq. 1614 S. Maryland Pkwy. Las Vegas, NV 89104 If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court. CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

JS 44 (Rev. 09/19)

Case 2:20-cv-01952-GMN-DJA Document 1 Filed 10/21/20 Page 20 of 20 CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF TH	HIS FORM.)	, 1			
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS	DEFENDANTS			
Shannon Stahl and Sear	Page		The Primadonna Company, LLC dba Primm Valley Resort and Casino				
(b) County of Residence of (E.	of First Listed Plaintiff XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	SES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.				
Philip J. Trenchak, Esq. 1614 S. Maryland Pkwy., (702)778-9444		")	Attorneys (If Known)				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)		RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif		
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	`			TF DEF (1			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State	2			
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3	□ 6 □ 6		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			EODERITUDE/DENALTV		of Suit Code Descriptions.		
CONTRACT ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	FORFEITURE/PENALTY □ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 □ 690 Other LABOR □ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act □ 720 Labor/Management Relations □ 740 Railway Labor Act □ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act □ 790 Other Labor Litigation □ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION □ 462 Naturalization Application □ 465 Other Immigration Actions	BANKRUPTCY □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC		
	moved from	Appellate Court					
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON Brief description of ca	•					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$ 75,000.00	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint: : ★ Yes □ No		
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER			
DATE 10/21/2020		signature of attor Philip J. Trenchak					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # A!	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	OGE		